POEMS syndrome에서의 ¹⁸F-FDG PET/CT 소견

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¹⁸F-FDG PET/CT in POEMS Syndrome

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POEMS syndrome is a rare disorder, also known as Crow-Fukase, PEP or Takatsuki syndrome. The acronym, POEMS, represents *polyneuropathy*, *organomegaly*, *endocrinopathy*, *M* protein and *s*kin change.^{1,2)} However, there are associated features not included in the acronym such as sclerotic bone lesions, Castleman disease, papilledema, thromobocytosis, peripheral edema, ascites, effusion, polycythemia, fatigue and clubbing.¹⁻⁵⁾ In most cases, osseous lesions in POEMS syndrome present as an isolated sclerotic deposit and that reveal as osteosclerotic myeloma.^{6,7)} Several cases of ¹⁸F-FDG PET in multiple myeloma involvements were reported,⁸⁾ but there was no previous literature that reported FDG PET findings in POEMS syndrome. We describe here a 66-year-old patient with POEMS syndrome who underwent ¹⁸F-FDG PET/CT image. (Nucl Med Mol Imaging 2007; 41(1):66-67)

Key Words: POEMS, ¹⁸FDG-PET, osteosclerotic myeloma





Fig 1. A 66-year-old woman was referred to our hospital for tingling and burning sensation in both soles. The paresthesis progressively worsened in intensity, ascended and finally she had difficulty in gaiting. She also had hypothyroidism, and chronic back pain due to old T12 compression. Laboratory test demonstrated mild hyperinsulemia (120 mg/dl;normal range 70-110) and a marked thrombocytosis of 499,000 per microliter, a polyclonal hypergammaproteinemia with a monoclonal Ig A gammopathy (increase in lamda light chains). Plain X-ray of the lumbar spine showed an osteoclerotic lesion on L5 spine (arrow on A) and sagittal T1-weighted MR image of L-spines demonstrated decreased signal intensity on the same region (arrow on B). These clinical, laboratary and radiographic manifestations were enough to diagnose as POEMS syndrome.

- Received: 2007. 1. 17. Accepted: 2007. 1. 24.
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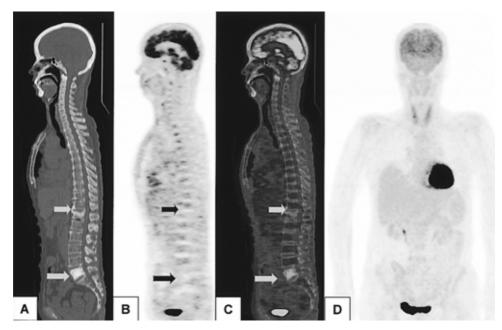


Fig 2. The ¹⁸F-FDG PET/CT was obtained for further evaluation for other involvement lesions. There was no significant FDG uptake in L5 (osteosclerotic myeloma) and T12 spine (old compression fracture)(Fig 2, arrows point to lesion on from A to D, CT, PET, fusion image and whole body PET image). The patient underwent chemotherapy and radiotherapy on L5 spine as planned.

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