

남자 중학생들이 보고하는 부자관계에 영향을 주는 요소에 관한 연구

A STUDY OF MIDDLE SCHOOL BOY'S REPORT ON THE FACTORS THAT AFFECT THEIR RELATIONSHIPS WITH FATHERS

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Kyung-Sun Noh, M.D.,** Ho-Young Lee, M.D.*

요 약 :

가

196

가

가

중심 단어 :

서 론

가

Kraemer

(fatherhood)

4).

1).

가

3%

가

2).

Bowlby 가

5).

3).

. Lamb

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** SungKyunkwan University College of Medicine, Kangbuk Samsung Hospital,
Seoul
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6). Perderon 가

가 7). 가 가 가 가

가 Parsons Bales 가 12), 13),

가 8).

가 가

가 가

가 가

9). 1975 Lamb

6), 1990 Phares

10). 연구대상 및 방법

가 1/5 1. 연구대상 3

가 가 4 197

Phares 1984 1991 15.6

577 (SD=0.49) 1

1% 9). 1999 4

가 1955 2. 연구방법

1992 11). 1) 조사도구

가 ,가

3

5

Beck Depression Inventory (BDI)¹⁴⁾, Rosenberg self-esteem scale¹⁵⁾, Child attitude toward father¹⁶⁾, Bem sex role inventory¹⁷⁾, Multi-item measure of romantic attachment¹⁸⁾

BDI

Bem sex role inventory

19)

2) 분석방법

Table 1. Sociodemographic characteristics of fathers

Father Age	below 40	31 (15.7)	15.7
	41 - 45	96 (48.8)	64.5
	46 - 50	53 (26.4)	91.4
	50 above	17 (8.1)	100.0
Father Education	primary school	3 (1.5)	1.5
	middle school	14 (7.1)	8.6
	high school	109 (55.1)	64.0
	college above	63 (31.8)	95.9
	no response	8 (4.0)	100.0
Father Occupation	white color	71 (35.9)	36.2
	commercial	53 (26.8)	63.0
	professional	4 (2.0)	65.0
	blue color	25 (12.6)	77.6
	driver	13 (6.6)	84.2
	unemployment	12 (6.1)	90.3
	others	20 (10.1)	100.0
Economic Status	upper	11 (5.6)	5.6
	upper-middle	54 (27.3)	33.0
	middle	82 (41.4)	74.6
	middle-lower	36 (18.2)	92.9
	low	4 (2.0)	94.9
	no response	10 (5.1)	100.0

F Scheffe

결 과

1. 인구통계학적 변인의 분포

가

Table 1

91.5

93

2. 아버지에 대한 태도와 자아존중감 및 생활적응과의 상관

Table 3

가

F
Scheffe

가

Table 2

Table 4

Table 2. Relations of the attitudes toward fathers and other factors

	Satisfaction toward fathers	Attachment	Self-esteem	Depression	Accademic accomplishment	Satisfaction in school life
Satisfaction toward fathers	1.00	.64**	.41**	-.11	.11	.23**
Attachment	.64**	1.00	.38**	-.23**	.22**	.12
Self-esteem	.41**	.38**	1.00	-.08	.07	.30**
Depression	-.11	-.23**	-.08	1.00	-0.05	-.06
Accademic accomplishment	.11	.22**	.07	-.05	1.00	.21**
Satisfaction in school life	.23**	.11	.30**	-.61	.21**	1.00

*p<.05 **p<.01

Table 3. The distribution of sexual role development

	Frequency	Masculinity	Femininity
Bisexual group	83	121.34(22.76)	121.71(28.54)
Masculinity group	15	105.20(15.14)	80.93(17.26)
Feminity Group	16	80.50(5.95)	102.87(7.74)
Undifferentiated group	84	74.22(12.53)	74.42(12.36)

Table 4. Relations on attitudes toward fathers and sexual role development

	Satisfaction	Significance	Attachment	Significance
Bisexual (n = 83)	118.29 (23.12)	.005**	145.57 (32.24)	.014*
Masculinity (n = 15)	117.40 (28.61)	1 2 3 4	133.0 (39.90)	1 2 3 4
Feminity (n = 16)	118.63 (19.83)		144.06 (26.69)	
Undifferentiate (n = 84)	104.76 (28.71)		128.83 (36.46)	

*p<.05 **p<.01

Table 6

고 찰

가
20)
가
21)
가
가

30%
30%
2
.008 가
가
(Table 5).

4. 아버지에 대한 태도와 양육태도에 대한 만족도간의 관계

가
TV
가
가
가

Table 5. Comparison of satisfaction toward fathers and group categorization by sex-differentiation

		Group categorization by sex-differentiation				
		Bisexual	Masculinity	Femininity	Undifferentiate	Total
Satisfaction	upper group	32	4	8	16	60
	lower group	20	7	13	37	65
		52	7	13	55	125

Table 6. Relations on caregiving & overprotection and other factors

	Caregiving	Overprotection	Satisfaction	Attachment	Self-esteem	Depression
Caregiving	1.00	.46**	.15*	.04	.07	.27**
Overprotection	-.46**	1.00	-.39**	-.33**	-.23**	.38**
Satisfaction	.15*	-.39**	1.00	.64**	.46**	-.11
Attachment	.04	-.33**	.64**	1.00	.38**	-.23**
Self-esteem	.07	-.23**	.41**	.38**	1.00	-.08
Depression	.27**	.38**	-.11	-.23**	-.08	1.00

*p<.05 **p<.01

(instrumental)

가 . 가 27)

가 . 가 28)

가 . 가 29)

가 . Hoffman 30)

가 . 가 31)

Blos 32)

2 - 가 (overpro- 33)34)

(Masculinity) 24)

25)

26) Parsons

가

35)

36-38)

39)

가

가

40)41)

가

가

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THAT AFFECT THEIR RELATIONSHIPS WITH FATHERS**

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Our aims is a exploration for relationship between father and male-adolescence. For this purpose, we have employed several self-reported questionnaires, including BDI, Rosenberg self-esteem scale, Attitude for father etc.

Our hypothesis is that the perception, the attachment, age and alcohol drinking, accademic career of father influences male-adolescent's self-esteem, mood, sex-role, academic accomplishment, satisfying of school life.

We have surveyed questionnaire at one middle school, at Suwon city. We have get 196 samples. We have categorized subjective answers and analyzed relations. The result is that a positive relation is self-esteem, sex-role, and attachment, a neagtive relation is mood and no relation is age, academic career, alcohol drinking. Also, father's overprotection attribute on negative influences.

We have many limitations. First limitation is a small number. Second is few previous study. Third is a relative analysis, not cause-effect analysis.

KEY WORDS : Father · Male middle school boys · Father-son relationship.